Supplementary Material 23 Cost effectiveness scenario analysis – the inclusion of lifetime costs

	Costs	QALYs		Incremental net health benefit (95% CI)			
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	ICER	k=£15,000	k=£20,000	k=£30,000	
	[P(most costly)] [P(most effective)]			[Probability of being cost-effective]			
Control	£48,295.50	17.79359		-	-	-	
	(48160.58, 48451.84)	(17.77337, 17.81535)		-	-	-	
	[0.041]	[0.078]		[0.202]	[0.156]	[0.127]	
SWAL only	£48,361.39	17.80341	£6,705.88	0.005	0.007	0.008	
	(48232.38, 48515.89)	(17.7829, 17.82344)		(-0.021, 0.03)	(-0.018, 0.03)	(-0.016, 0.03)	
	[0.164]	[0.34]		[0.413]	[0.396]	[0.371]	
SWAL plus desk	£48,444.07	17.80778	£18,956.42	0.004	0.007	0.009	
	(48336.68, 48566.35)	(17.78839, 17.82531)		(-0.027,	(-0.024,	(-0.021,	
				0.038)	0.039)	0.041)	
	[0.795]	[0.582]		[0.385]	[0.448]	[0.502]	