Report Supplementary Material 16: GRADE Assessment of Outcome Evaluations – Long-term Outcomes

Question: Interventions for mental wellbeing compared to treatment as usual for mental health outcomes (long-term)

Setting: Long-term

Certainty assessment									
№ of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Impact	Certainty	Importance
Externalising	problems								
9	randomised trials	serious ^a	not serious	not serious	very serious ^b	publication bias strongly suspected ^c	SMD 0.02 SD higher (95% Cl 0.17 lower to 0.20 higher)	⊕ ◯ ◯ Very low	
Internalising	problems								
7	randomised trials	serious ^a	not serious	not serious	extremely serious ^d	none	SMD 0.03 SD lower (95% CI 0.31 lower to 0.25 higher)	⊕ ◯ ◯ Very low	
Anxiety and	depression								
4	randomised trials	very serious®	serious!	not serious	extremely serious ²	none	Fostering Individualised Assistance Program (Clark, 1994): No effect on child or parent-rated anxiety/depression or withdrawal Triple P for Foster Parents (Job, 2022): No effect on anxiety symptoms Mentoring intervention for teenage pregnancy (Mezey, 2015) No effect on anxiety/depression Take Charge intervention (Geenen, 2012) Lower anxiety/depression score at 12 months, self-rated (SMD 0.44 SD lower, 95% Cl: 0.79 lower to 0.18 lower) and parent rated (SMD 0.65 SD lower, 95% Cl: 1.02 lower to 0.29 lower) Lower withdrawal/depression score at 12 months, parent rated (SMD 0.41 SD lower, 95% Cl: 0.77 lower to 0.05 lower) Lower withdrawal/depression score at 18 months, parent rated (SMD 0.36 SD lower, 95% Cl: 0.71 lower to 0.00 lower) Lower withdrawal/depression score at 18 months, parent rated (SMD 0.37 SD lower, 95% Cl: 0.73 lower to 0.01 lower)	Very low	
Self-harm and suicidal ideation									
1	randomised trials	very serious ^h	not serious	not serious	extremely serious ^d	none	Mentoring intervention for teenage pregnancy (Mezey, 2015): No effect on reported incidents of self-harm or suicide attempts	⊕ ◯ ◯ Very low	

Subjective wellbeing SMD 0.03 SD higher (95% Cl 0.63 lower to 0.69 higher)

			Certainty a	ssessment				Certainty	
№ of studies	Study design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Impact		Importance
1	randomised trials	serious ⁱ	not serious	not serious	very serious ^b	none	Fostering Healthy Futures (Taussig, 2010) Higher health related quality of life at 9 months post intervention: SMD 0.42 SD higher (95% CI 0.12 higher to 0.71 higher) No effect on health related quality of life at 15 months: SMD 0.14 SD higher (95% CI 0.17 lower to 0.45 higher)	⊕ Very low	
Total impaire	Total impaired functioning								
8	randomised trials	very serious ^e	not serious	not serious	very serious ^b	none	SMD 0.15 SD lower (95% CI 0.40 lower to 0.09 higher)	⊕ ◯ ◯ Very low	
Total problen	Total problems								
6	randomised trials	serious	not serious	not serious	extremely serious ^d	none	SMD 0.07 SD lower (95% CI 0.38 lower to 0.25 higher)	⊕ ◯ ◯ Very low	

CI: confidence interval

Explanations

- a. All trials rated as 'some concerns' or 'high risk' but 'high risk' <25% of included trials
- b. Confidence interval includes the MID of 0.2 SD and the null effect.
- c. Robust Egger's regression yields one-sided p<0.05.
- d. Confidence interval includes the MID on both sides of the null effect.
- e. All trials rated as 'some concerns' or 'high risk' but 'high risk' >25% of included trials
- f. Visual inspection of effect estimates suggests substantial spread within and between studies.
- g. Evidence could not be pooled.
- h. Trial rated 'high risk'
- i. Trial rated as 'some concerns'
- j. All trials rated as 'some concerns'