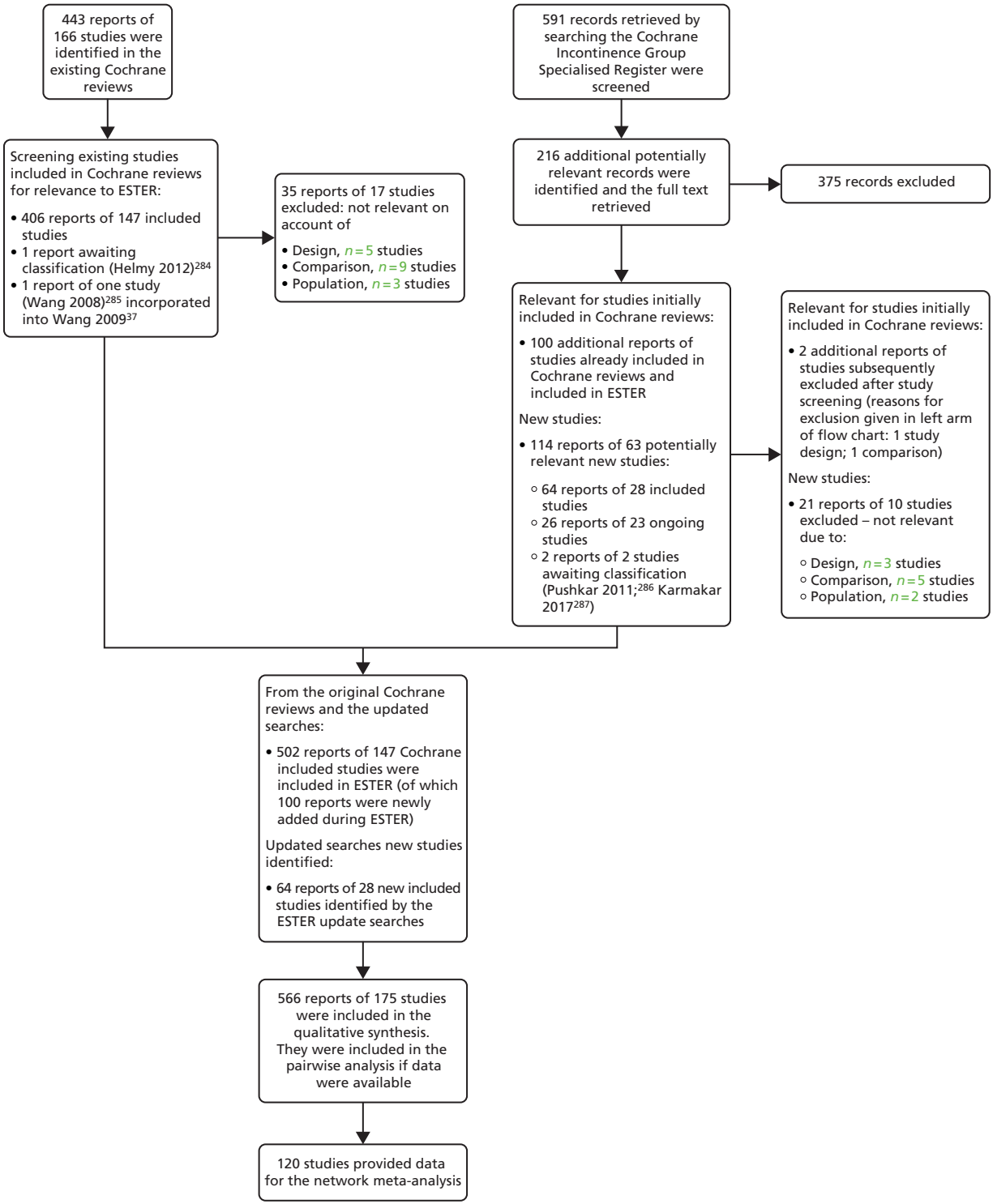
443 reports of 166 studies were identified in the existing Cochrane reviews
Screening existing studies included in Cochrane reviews for relevance to ESTER:
• 406 reports of 147 included studies
• 1 report awaiting classification (Helmy 2012)[284]
• 1 report of one study (Wang 2008)[285] incorporated into Wang 2009[37]
35 reports of 17 studies excluded: not relevant on account of
• Design, n = 5 studies
• Comparison, n = 9 studies
• Population, n = 3 studies
591 records retrieved by searching the Cochrane Incontinence Group Specialised Register were screened
216 additional potentially relevant records were identified and the full text retrieved
375 records excluded
Relevant for studies initially included in Cochrane reviews:
• 100 additional reports of studies already included in Cochrane reviews and included in ESTER
New studies:
• 114 reports of 63 potentially relevant new studies:
◦ 64 reports of 28 included studies
◦ 26 reports of 23 ongoing studies
◦ 2 reports of 2 studies awaiting classification (Pushkar 2011;[286] Karmakar 2017[287])
Relevant for studies initially included in Cochrane reviews:
• 2 additional reports of studies subsequently excluded after study screening (reasons for exclusion given in left arm of flow chart: 1 study design; 1 comparison)
New studies:
• 21 reports of 10 studies excluded – not relevant due to:
◦ Design, n = 3 studies
◦ Comparison, n = 5 studies
◦ Population, n = 2 studies
From the original Cochrane reviews and the updated searches:
• 502 reports of 147 Cochrane included studies were included in ESTER (of which 100 reports were newly added during ESTER)
Updated searches new studies identified:
• 64 reports of 28 new included studies identified by the ESTER update searches
566 reports of 175 studies were included in the qualitative synthesis. They were included in the pairwise analysis if data were available
120 studies provided data for the network meta-analysis